

MARCH AGAINST THE WAR

KEZAR

RALLY *and* FESTIVAL

STADIUM

APRIL 22



WE'LL ASSEMBLE AT BAKER AND FELL AT 10:00 A.M. AND MARCH TO KEZAR STADIUM FOR A SHORT RALLY AT NOON AND AN AFTERNOON OF LEARNING ABOUT WHAT THE U.S. GOVERNMENT IS DOING AT HOME AND ABROAD AND WHAT PEOPLE ARE DOING TO BUILD A MOVEMENT OF RESISTANCE.

THERE'LL BE DISPLAYS, MOVIES, SKITS, AND MUSIC, AND A CHANCE TO TALK WITH PEOPLE INVOLVED IN MANY ACTIVITIES AND ORGANIZATIONS THAT ARE WORKING FOR CHANGE. ANGELA DAVIS HAS AGREED TO APPEAR BUT THE COURTS WILL PROBABLY PREVENT IT. IF THEY DO SHE WILL SPEAK ON A TELEPHONE PICK-UP. OTHER SPEAKERS WILL BE DICK GREGORY, LE AN TU (VIETNAMESE WOMAN) DAVE DELLINGER, GLORIA FONTANEZ (YOUNG LORDS PARTY) UNITED FARM WORKERS.

SUPPORT THESE THREE DEMANDS:

- 1) AN END TO U.S. AGGRESSION IN INDOCHINA AND SUPPORT FOR THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH VIETNAM'S 7-POINT PLAN FOR PEACE IN VIETNAM.
- 2) AN END TO U.S. INTERFERENCE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF ANY COUNTRY.
- 3) AN END TO NIXON'S POLICIES OF ECONOMIC, POLITICAL, RACIST AND SEXIST REPRESSION.

SEE YOU THERE!

THE WAR IN VIETNAM IS NOT WINDING DOWN

The Nixon administration has been lying to the American people. Under pressure from the American people and the military successes of the Vietnamese, the US government has been forced to withdraw ground troops from Vietnam. But the rich men who rule America are still interested in the mineral resources and cheap labor of SE Asia. They've turned to an even more deadly means of conquest—the air war and the electronic battlefield. As Nixon tries to throw up a smokescreen with talk of troop withdrawal more bombs have been dropped on Indochina in the last 3 months than in all of 1971. The US government's suspension of the peace talks shows their unwillingness to seek a negotiated settlement. The response of the Vietnamese has been to launch a major military offensive all over South Vietnam.

Nixon points to Vietnamization as his way of getting us out of the war but recent defections in Saigon and the poor fighting record of the South Vietnamese puppet troops prove that they are just forced soldiers and that only US money and air support keeps the Saigon regime in power. The current mobilization of US armed forces as well as the National Guard alert—the greatest military build-up in this country since WWII—shows Nixon may resort to the use of ground troops and even tactical nuclear weapons to keep control of Indochina.

HOW CAN THE WAR BE ENDED?

Nixon's excuse for breaking off the Paris Peace Talks is that the Vietnamese refuse to negotiate an end to the war. But in fact, the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam put forth a 7 point plan last July which provides a real basis for ending the war. Unlike past Nixon proposals, the PRG plan takes into account the needs of both the American and Vietnamese people. For Americans it sets the terms for a just peace which includes the return of our POWs. For the Vietnamese the plan guarantees an end to 25 years of war and freedom from foreign domination.

PROVISIONAL REVOLUTIONARY GOVERNMENT 7 POINT PEACE PROPOSAL

The two central points are:

1. Regarding the military situation: The US must set a date for the total withdrawal of all US troops, military personnel, weapons and war materials and those of its allies.
2. Regarding the political situation in South Vietnam: The US must end its intervention in the internal affairs of South Vietnam and stop backing Nguyen Van Thieu.

THE WAR IS NOT ONLY BEING WAGED IN SOUTHEAST ASIA

The Nixon administration's policies in Vietnam are no surprise considering their actions throughout the world. Nixon's domestic policies aren't fooling anyone either. The high cost of the war has forced an already strained economy to the breaking point. Inflation, unemployment, and rising taxes make it increasingly difficult to make ends meet. Nixon's solutions such as the wage-price controls and cutbacks in welfare put the burden on poor and working people not on big business whose profits are bigger than ever.

The government's economic oppression is heaviest for Black and Chicano people. Nixon not only ignores their urgent needs, but has used racism to deflect people's attention from his administration's failures. An example is his use of the busing issue to increase racial tension which keeps people confused and divided.

US economic interests in SE Asia are making the Bay Area an important economic center. This plan to make SF the "Wall Street of the West" includes redevelopment in the Haight, the Mission, and the Western Addition—family houses are being demolished to make room for luxury high-rise apartments for executives. Many of the same corporations that make large profits in war-related industries are involved in these redevelopment schemes. The ruling powers in this country think they can easily get away with this—they use racism to divide us, heroin (imported from SE Asia) to weaken us, and the police to control us and they will destroy our neighborhoods with the same viciousness and greed that they show in their destruction of Vietnamese villages.

WHAT CAN WE DO?

The Vietnamese are winning, but the American people have a real role to play in ending the war in Indochina. Only struggles in our communities and on the job will change our conditions here at home. Only pressure from us at home will stop Nixon from plunging the United States further into this war that none of us want.

BE THERE APRIL 22 KEZAR STADIUM SUPPORT THE 7 POINT PEACE PROPOSAL

